Mathematics Curriculum Progression for Year 1

Term	Торіс	Knowledge and Skills	Methods and Visual Representations	Vocabulary
1 & 2	Place Value (within 20)	Count and read numbers to 20 in numerals Count and write numbers to 20 in numerals Identify one more and one less of a given number Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in words	Picture Draw It Number Write It Image: Constrained state	numbers 1-20, numeral, forwards, backwards, equal to, equivalent to, most, least, many, multiple of, twos, fives, tens half-way between, above, below roughly

1&2	Addition and Subtraction (within 10)	Read and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Write mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs	addition, near double, half, halve, subtract, equals, is the same as, number bonds, pairs, missing number
		Demonstrate an understanding of the commutative law (e.g. 3 + 2 = 5, therefore 2 + 3 = 5) Demonstrate an understanding of inverse relationships involving addition and subtraction (e.g. if 3 + 2 = 5, then 5 - 2 = 3) Recall at least four of the six number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts (e.g. 6 + 4 = 10, therefore 4 + 6 = 10 and 10 - 6 = 4) Represent and use number bonds within 10	
		Represent and use subtraction facts within 10 Add one-digit and two-digit numbers to 10, including zero Subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 10, including zero Solve one-step problems that involve addition, subtraction and missing numbers using concrete objects and pictorial representations	

Geometry:	Recognise and name common 2-D shapes e.g.	<u> </u>	corner, side, rectangle, square, circle,
Shape			triangle, point, pointed
			face, edge, vertex, vertices, cuboid,
	Recognise and name common 3-D shapes e.g.		cube, cylinder, sphere, pyramid, cone
	cuboias (incluaing cubes), pyramias and spheres		
	-	Shape rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles	Shape rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles Recognise and name common 3-D shapes e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres

3 & 4	Addition and Subtraction (within 20)	Read and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs	First Then Now	addition, near double, half, halve, subtract, equals, is the same as, number bonds, pairs, missing number
		Write mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs		
		Demonstrate an understanding of the commutative law (e.g. 12 + 3 = 15, therefore 3 + 12 = 15)		
		Demonstrate an understanding of inverse relationships involving addition and subtraction (e.g. if 12 + 3 = 15, then 15 - 3 = 12)		
		Recall at least four of the six number bonds for 20 and reason about associated facts (e.g. 16 + 4 = 20, therefore 4 + 16 = 20 and 20 - 16 = 4)		
		Represent and use number bonds within 20 Represent and use subtraction facts within 20		
		Add one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	5	
		Subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero		
		Solve one-step problems that involve addition, subtraction and missing numbers using concrete objects and pictorial representations	17 ? 6 4 ?	

3&4	Place Value (within 50)	Count and read numbers to 50 in numerals Count and write numbers to 50 in numerals Identify one more and one less of a given number		numbers 1-50, numeral, forwards, backwards, equal to, equivalent to, most, least, many, multiple of, twos, fives, tens half-way between, above, below
		Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Read and write numbers from 1 to 50 in numerals	-0000	roughly
		Read and write numbers from 1 to 50 in words Count in twos, fives and tens to solve problems e.g. count the number of chairs in a diagram when the chairs are organised in 7 rows of 5 by counting in fives Partition and combine numbers using apparatus if required e.g. partition 46 into tens and ones;		
		combine 3 tens and 4 ones	42 42 Ens Cries	

3&4	Measure: Length and Height	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half Measure and begin to record length/height		measurement, roughly centimetre, ruler, metre stick
			0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	
			5 6 7 8 9 00 H 12 12 H H H	

3 & 4	Measure: Weight and Volume	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than Compare, describe and solve practical problems for capacity and volume e.g. full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter Measure and begin to record mass/weight Measure and begin to record capacity and volume	measurement, roughly kilogram, half kilogram litre, half litre, capacity, volume, more than, less than, quarter full

5&6	Multiplication and Division	Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Solve one-step problems involving division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	multiplication, multiply, multiple, array, division, dividing, grouping
5&6	Fractions	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity		quarter, fraction, equal part, equal grouping, equal sharing

5&6	Geometry: Position and Direction	Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	underneath, centre, journey, quarter turn, three-quarter turn

5&6		Count and read numbers to 100 in numerals		numbers 1-100, numeral, forwards,
300	Place Value		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	(within 100)	Count and write numbers to 100 in numerals	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	backwards, equal to, equivalent to,
			21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	most, least, many, multiple of, twos,
		Identify one more and one less of a given	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	fives, tens
		number	41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	half-way between, above, below
			51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	
		Identify and represent numbers using objects	61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	roughly
		and pictorial representations including the	71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	
		number line, and use the language of: equal to,	81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	
		more than, less than (fewer), most, least	91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100	
		Read and write numbers from 1 to 100 in		
		numerals		
		Read and write numbers from 1 to 100 in words		
		Partition and combine numbers using apparatus		
		if required e.g. partition 76 into tens and ones;		
		combine 5 tens and 4 ones		
			\bigcirc	
			Tens Ones Tens Ones	

5&6	Measure: Money	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	change, dear, cheap, cheaper, total

5&6	Measure: Time	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later	finally	first next	month, months of the year, season, spring, summer, autumn, winter,
		Measure and begin to record time (hours,	January		weekend, year, earlier, later, first, midnight, date, long ago, often, always,
		minutes, seconds)	February		never, often, sometimes, usually, once,
			March		twice, half past, quarter past, quarter
		Sequence events in chronological order using	April		to, clock face, hour hand, minute hand,
		language e.g. before and after, next, first,	May		hours, minutes
		today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon	June		
		and evening	July		
			August		
		Recognise and use language relating to dates,	September		
		including days of the week, weeks, months and	October	Sunday	
		years	November	Thursday Saturday Friday	
		Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour	December	Wednesday Tuesday Monday	
		and draw the hands on a clock face to show			
		these times			
			$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
				7 5 10 11 12 1 10 4 2	
			9 - 3 	9 3	
			6 3	7 6 5	
				8 7 5 4	
			C. S.	N. C.	
			1 st		
			2 nd	4 th	
			3 rd	5 th	